

# 7. Differential Equations

## 7.1 Verifying Solutions to DE's

Verify the following functions are solutions to the given differential equation:

1.  $y = Ce^{-6x^2}; \quad y' = -12xy$

2.  $2x^2 - y^2 = c; \quad yy' - 2x = 0$

3.  $y = 4e^{3x} \sin x + Ce^{3x}; \quad y' - 3y = 4e^{3x} \cos x$

4.  $y' = -y$

5.  $y' = -x$

6.  $y' = x(1 - x)$

Sketch the slope field and draw the solution going through the given initial value.

7.  $y' = \frac{y}{x} - y; \quad \text{with } y(0.5) = 1$

8.  $y' = y^2 - 3y + 2, \quad \text{with } y(0) = 2$

9.  $y' = y \tan x, \quad \text{with } y(0) = 1$

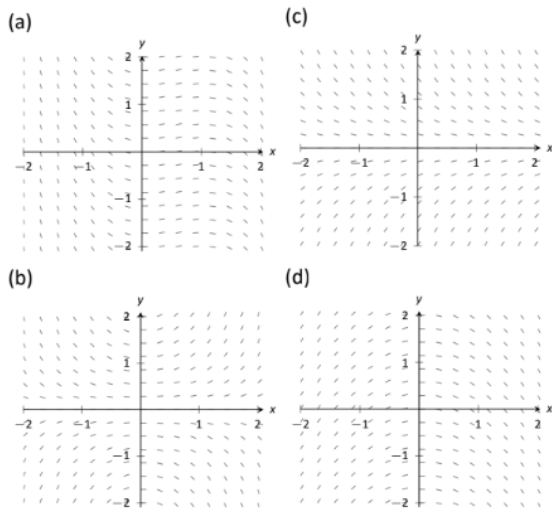
## 7.2 Slope Fields

Sketch the slope field of the differential equation with  $x$  ranging from -2 to 2.

1.  $y' = y - x$

2.  $y' = \sin(\pi y)$

Match the slope field with the given differential equation



3.  $y' = xy$

## 7.3 Separable of Variables

Find the general solution to the differential equation using separation of variables. If it is not possible to separate the variables, state that is the case.

1.  $y' = y^2 - y$

2.  $(y + 3)y' + (\ln x)y' - x \sin y = (y + 3) \ln x$

3.  $y' = x - y$

4.  $y' + 1 - y^2 = 0$

5.  $xy' = 4y$

6.  $e^x yy' = e^{-y} + e^{-2x-y}$  (Note: Setup the integral only)

$$7. \quad y' = \frac{x\sqrt{1-4y^2}}{x^4 + 2x^2 + 2}$$

Find the particular solution to the initial value problem using separation of variables.

$$8. \quad y' = \frac{\sin x}{\cos y}, \text{ with } y(0) = \frac{\pi}{2}$$

$$9. \quad y' = \frac{2x}{y + x^2y}, \text{ with } y(0) = -4$$

$$10. \quad y' = \frac{x \ln(x^2 + 1)}{y - 1}, \text{ with } y(0) = 2$$

$$11. \quad y' = (\cos^2 x) (\cos^2 2y), \text{ with } y(0) = 0$$